1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: Blue Devil Hardness Test Solution A
PRODUCT VOLUMES: 0.5 oz
CHEMICAL NAME/CLASS: Ethylene Glycol Mixture
PRODUCT CODE: Refill – B7028; Part of Test Kits - B7320, B7773
PRODUCT USE: Testing of Pools and Spas

MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER/DISTRIBUTOR: Valterra Products, Inc.
ADDRESS: 15230 San Fernando Mission Blvd.; Suite 107
Mission Hills, CA 91345
BUSINESS PHONE #: 818-898-1671
EMERGENCY PHONE #: CHEMTEC:1-800-424-9300 / 1-703-527-3887
DATE/ MSDS PREPARATION: December 5, 2006
DATE/ MSDS REVISION: Jan. 1, 2019

These products are sold to consumers for pool and spa maintenance use in containers of relatively small volume (i.e. 20 mL). This MSDS has been developed to address safety concerns affecting those individuals working in warehouses and other places where large numbers of these containers are stored, as well as those affecting potential users of this product in industrial/occupational or manufacturing settings.

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: This product can mildly irritate contaminated tissue; may cause moderate irritation upon prolonged exposure.

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION: Dark purple, oily liquid with no distinct odor.

HEALTH HAZARDS: No significant health hazards are anticipated under typical circumstances of use or release response; contact with skin may cause mild to moderate irritation, depending on the duration of contact. Contact with eyes can cause irritation and temporary redness. Inhalation of this product can cause central nervous system effects; ingestion may result in kidney damage as well as central nervous system effects.

FIRE HAZARDS: No known fire hazard.

PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Negligible under typical circumstances of use/anticipated emergency response situations.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: No significant hazards to animal, plant or aquatic life.

GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM REVIEW:
CLASSIFICATION: Eye Irritant Category 2B – Irritant; Skin Irritant Category 3; Acute Toxicity Category 4.
LABELING:
Symbol: . See symbol at right.
Signal Word: WARNING!
Hazard Statement: Harmful if swallowed. Causes eye irritation. Causes mild skin irritation.
Precautionary Statements: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing. IF ON SKIN: If skin irritation occurs, seek medical advice/attention. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CONTROL CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

OTHER HAZARDS: The lethal dose in adult humans for ethylene glycol (the main component of this product) is about 100 ml. swallowing this product may cause nausea, vomiting or diarrhea. Excessive exposure via ingestion may cause central nervous effects, cardiopulmonary effects, and kidney damage. If ethylene glycol is heated or misted in work areas that are poorly ventilated, respiratory irritation and symptoms such as headache and nausea may occur. Repeated excessive exposure to ethylene glycol may cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract. In humans, effects have been reported on the central nervous system, including nystagmus (involuntary, rapid, rhythmic movement of the eyeball). Skin allergies can develop to Ethylene Glycol upon repeated dermal exposures.

3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMPONENT</th>
<th>CAS NUMBER</th>
<th>EINECS #</th>
<th>% (w/w)</th>
<th>OTHER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene Glycol</td>
<td>107-21-1</td>
<td>203-473-3</td>
<td>&gt;99</td>
<td>NE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calmagite</td>
<td>3147-14-6</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>&lt;1.0%</td>
<td>NE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Hold contaminated eyes open and flush with copious amounts of water for 15 minutes. “Roll” eyes during flush.

SKIN: Flush area with warm, running water. Continue rinsing with water for at least 15 minutes, if any evidence of redness or irritation occurs.

INHALATION: Obtain fresh air. If necessary, blow nose.

INGESTION: Drink copious amounts of water. Contact professional medical personnel or the local poison control center immediately.

RECOMMENDATIONS TO PHYSICIANS: Treat symptomatically and supportively. If necessary, give sodium bicarbonate intravenously to treat acidosis. Urinalysis may show low specific gravity, proteinuria, pyuria, cylindruria, hematuria, calcium oxide, and hippuric acid crystals. Ethanol can be used in antidotal treatment but monitor blood glucose when administering ethanol because it can cause hypoglycemia. Consider a diuretic such as mannitol to help prevent brain edema and hemodialysis to remove ethylene glycol from circulation.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY OVEREXPOSURE: None known.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

NFPA FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION: Not flammable.

RECOMMENDED FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Water Spray, Water Jet, Dry Powder, Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Halon, or any other.

UNSAFE FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: None known.

UNUSUAL HAZARDS IN FIRE SITUATIONS: When involved in a fire, this material may produce irritating vapors and toxic gases (e.g., carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide).

   Explosion Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Not sensitive.

RECOMMENDATIONS TO FIREFIGHTERS: Wear Self Contained Breathing Apparatus and full protective equipment for fire response. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk to personnel. Contaminated equipment should be rinsed thoroughly with water before returning to service.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

RESPONSE TO INCIDENTAL RELEASES: Wear gloves and safety glasses when cleaning-up spills. Use caution during clean-up; contaminated floors and items may be slippery.

RESPONSE TO NON-INCIDENTAL RELEASES: Respond to non-incidental chemical releases of this product, such as the simultaneous destruction of several pallets, by clearing the impacted area and contacting appropriate emergency personnel.
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (Continued)

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS: This product contains a small amount of mercury salt. Avoid response actions that can cause a release of a significant amount of the substance (1 liter or more) into the environment.

RESPONSE PROCEDURES FOR ANY RELEASE: Sponge spilled compound with a damp polypad or other absorbent.

SPILL RESPONSE EQUIPMENT: Polypad or other absorbent material, if needed.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HYGIENE PRACTICES: Keep out of reach of children. Do not smoke, drink, eat, or apply cosmetics in the chemical use area. Avoid inhalation of vapors, mists and sprays. Use in well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with skin or eyes. Remove contaminated clothing promptly. Clean up any spilled product immediately.

HANDLING RECOMMENDATIONS: Small amounts of this product will be used for spa and pool testing. Employees must be appropriately trained to use this product safely as needed.

STORAGE RECOMMENDATIONS: Ensure all containers are correctly labeled. Store container in cool, dry place away from direct sunlight, sources of intense heat, or where freezing is possible. Store this product away from incompatible chemicals (See Section 10, Stability and Reactivity).

PROTECTIVE PRACTICES DURING MAINTENANCE OF CONTAMINATED EQUIPMENT: Follow practices indicated in Section 6 (Accidental Release Measures).

8. EXPOSURE CONTROL AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

U.S. NATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMPONENT</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV (ppm)</th>
<th>OSHA PEL (ppm)</th>
<th>NIOSH REL (ppm)</th>
<th>OTHER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene Glycol</td>
<td>100 mg/m3 Ceiling (aerosol only)</td>
<td>NE</td>
<td>NE</td>
<td>NE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calmagite</td>
<td>NE</td>
<td>NE</td>
<td>NE</td>
<td>NE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

INTERNATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMPONENT</th>
<th>Exposure Limit (United Kingdom Compliance Note EH 40)</th>
<th>Federal Republic of Germany (DFG) Maximum Concentration Values in the Workplace (MAKs)</th>
<th>OTHER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene Glycol</td>
<td>NE</td>
<td>10 ppm (C); skin</td>
<td>NE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calmagite</td>
<td>NE</td>
<td>NE</td>
<td>NE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use this product in well-ventilated environment.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: None needed under routine circumstances of use.

HAND PROTECTION: Rubber, latex, or neoprene gloves should be used when prolonged contact is anticipated.

EYE PROTECTION: Splash goggles or safety glasses with side shield are recommended if splashes or sprays are anticipated.

BODY PROTECTION: None needed under typical situations of use or handling.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE: Oily Liquid.

COLOR: Dark purple.

ODOR: None.

pH: 5.8-6.1.

BOILING POINT: Approximately 197.6°C (338°F).

MELTING POINT: Approximately -13°C (9°F).

REFRACTIVE INDEX: Not applicable.

VISCOSITY: ≈ 0.890 cP at about 25°C.

FLASH POINT: 111 °C (232°F), Closed Cup

LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (LEL): 3.2%

UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (UEL): 15.3%

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: 398 °C (748 °F)

VAPOR PRESSURE: ≈ 0.06 mmHg at 20°C.

VAPOR DENSITY (air = 1): 2.14

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (water = 1): Approximately 1.1.

EVAPORATION RATE (water = 1): No information.

COEFFICIENT OIL/WATER DISTRIBUTION (PARTITION COEFFICIENT): Not established.
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

RELATIVE STABILITY (AT STANDARD TEMPERATURES AND PRESSURES): Normally stable.
INCOMPATIBILITIES: Strong oxidizers and strong acids; also not compatible with isocyanates, aliphatic amines, caustics.
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.
HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Not applicable.
CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid contact with incompatible chemicals.

11. TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION

CARCINOGENICITY STATUS: The following table summarizes the carcinogenicity listing for the components of this product. “NO” indicates that the substance is not considered to be, or suspected to be, a carcinogen by the listed agency

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHEMICAL</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
<th>NIOSH</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
<th>OTHER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene Glycol</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>TLV-4 (Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calmagite</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY INFORMATION: An expert panel convened by the NTP’s Center for the Evaluation of Risks to Human Reproduction concluded 2/13/03 that developmental and reproductive risks stemming from exposure to the chemicals propylene glycol and ethylene glycol are negligible.

TOXICOLOGY DATA: The following data are available for components of this product present in greater than 1 percent concentration.

ETYLENE GLYCOL:
Draize test, rabbit, eye: 500 mg/24H Mild
Draize test, rabbit, eye: 100 mg/1H Mild
Draize test, rabbit, eye: 0.012 ppm/3D
Draize test, rabbit, eye: 1440 mg/6H Moderate
Oral, mouse: LD50 = 5500 mg/kg
Oral, rat: LD50 = 4700 mg/kg
Skin, rabbit: LD50 = 9530 uL/kg

TOXICOLOGICALLY SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS: None known.

DEGREE OF IRRITATION: Mild to moderate, depending on the duration of exposure.

SENSITIZATION POTENTIAL: Skin allergies can develop to Ethylene Glycol upon repeated dermal exposures.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICITY TO TERRESTRIAL LIFE: Based on available data, this product may be harmful to contaminated plants or animal, upon exposures to large volumes or of prolonged duration.

TOXICITY TO AQUATIC LIFE: Based on available data, this product may be harmful to contaminated aquatic plants or animals, upon exposures to large volumes. The following aquatic toxicity data are available for components of this product:

ETHYLENE GLYCOL: The LC50/96-hour values for fish are over 100 mg/l.

MOBILITY, PERSISTENCE, AND DEGRADABILITY: When released into the soil, Ethylene Glycol (the main component of this product) is expected to readily biodegrade. When released into the soil, Ethylene Glycol leaches into groundwater. When released into the soil, this material is not expected to evaporate significantly. When released into the water, this material is expected to have a half-life between 1 and 10 days. Ethylene Glycol has a log octanol-water partition coefficient of less than 3.0. When released into water, this material is not expected to evaporate significantly. When released into water, this Ethylene Glycol (the main component of this product) is expected to readily biodegrade. When released into the air, Ethylene Glycol is expected to be readily degraded by reaction with photochemically produced hydroxyl radicals. When released into the air, this material is expected to have a half-life between 1 and 10 days.
BIOACCUMLATION AND BIOCONCENTRATION POTENTIAL: It is not anticipated that this product will bioaccumulate or bioconcentrate significantly in the environment.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE HANDLING RECOMMENDATIONS: Prepare, transport, treat, store, and dispose of waste product according to all applicable local, U.S. State and U.S. Federal regulations, the applicable Canadian standards, or the appropriate standards of the nations of the European Community.

EPA RCRA WASTE CODE: Not applicable. EUROPEAN WASTE CODE: Not applicable.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SHIPPING REGULATIONS:

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not hazardous, per US DOT regulations.
HAZARD CLASSIFICATION: Not applicable.
UN/NA IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: Not applicable.
Packing Group: Not applicable.
LABEL: Not applicable.
NORTH AMERICAN EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDEBOOK (2008): Not applicable.
MARINE POLLUTANT STATUS: No component is designated as a DOT Marine Pollutant.

CANADIAN TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION: This product is NOT regulated by Transport Canada as dangerous goods under Canadian transportation standards.
IATA DESIGNATION: This product is NOT regulated as dangerous goods by the International Air Transport Association.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

OTHER IMPORTANT U.S. REGULATIONS
CERCLA REPORTING REQUIREMENTS: Ethylene Glycol (5000 lb/2270 kg).
SARA REPORTING REQUIREMENTS: The following reporting requirements are applicable to the components of this product:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHEMICAL</th>
<th>SECTION 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A)</th>
<th>SECTION 304 (40 CFR Table 302.4)</th>
<th>SECTION 313 (40 CFR 372.65)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene Glycol</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>Yes; 5000 lb/2270 kg</td>
<td>YES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calmagite</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SARA SECTION 311/312 FOR PRODUCT: Acute Health Hazard.
CALIFORNIA SAFE DRINKING WATER ACT (PROPOSITION 65) STATUS: This product does not contain any component that is specified on the California Proposition 65 list of carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS
CANADIAN DSL/NDSL INVENTORY STATUS: The listed components of this product are on the DSL/NDSL Inventory.
CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (CEPA) PRIORITIES SUBSTANCES LISTS: The components of this product are not on the CEPA Priorities Substances Lists.
CANADIAN WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Skin or Eye Irritation [Class D; Division 2, Subdivision B]. See symbol to right.
DEFINITION OF TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS


SECTION 2: CAS Number: Chemical Abstract Service Number, which is used by the American chemical Society to uniquely identify a chemical. EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances.

SECTION 3: HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM RATING: This is a rating system used by industry to summarize physical and health hazards to chemical users and was originally developed by the National Paint and Coating Association. 0 = No Significant Hazard. 1 = Slight Hazard. 2 = Moderate Hazard. 3 = Severe Hazard. 4 = Extreme Hazard.

SECTION 5: NFPA: National Fire Protection Association. NFPA FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION: The NFPA uses the flash point (FL.P) and boiling point (BP) to classify flammable or combustible liquids. Class IA: FL.P. below 73°F and BP below 100°F. Class IB: FL.P. below 73°F and BP at or above 100°F. Class IC: FL.P. at or above 73°F and BP at or above 100°F. Class II: FL.P. at or above 100°F and below 140°F. Class IIIA: FL.P. at or above 140°F and below 200°F. Class IIIB: FL.P. at or above 200°F. NFPA HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RATING: This is a rating system used to summarize physical and health hazards to firefighters. 0 = No Significant Hazard. 1 = Slight Hazard. 2 = Moderate Hazard. 3 = Severe Hazard. 4 = Extreme Hazard.

SECTION 8: NE: Not established. ACGIH: American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists; TWA: Time-Weighted Average (over an 8-hour work day); STEL: Short-Term Exposure Limit (15 minute average, no more than 4 times daily and each exposure separated by one-hour minimally); C: Ceiling Limit (concentration not to be exceeded in a work environment). PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit. NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health; REL: Recommended Exposure Limit; IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health Concentrations. Note: In July 1992, a court ruling vacated the more protective PELs set by OSHA in 1989. Because OSHA may enforce the more protective levels under the "general duty clause", both the current and vacated levels are presented in this document. ppm: Parts per Million. mg/m³: Milligrams per cubic meter. mppcm: Millions of Particles per Cubic Foot. BEI: Biological Exposure Limit. EL: Exposure Limit (United Kingdom). DFG: Federal Republic of Germany. MAKs: Maximum Concentration Values in the Workplace.